

Data Sheet

HUMAN THYMOSIN β4 (aa 1-43)

ANTIBODY, POLYCLONAL

Catalog no.: A 9522.1 / A 9522.2

Immunogen: Synthetic human Thymosin β4 (aa 1-43) KLH conjugated

(Acsdkpdmaeiekfdksklkktetqeknplpsketieqekqages)

Synonyms: T beta-4, Fx

Swiss-Prot No: P62328

Gene Information: Gene Name: TMSB4X, TB4X, THYB4, TMSB4

Gene ID: 7114

Host: Rabbit Matrix: Serum

Specificity: Human Thymosin β4

Cross-reactivity with human Thymosin β9 and β10

Contents: 20 μl / 100 μl (lyophilized)

Resuspend in 20 µl / 100 µl aqua bidest.

Known applications: ELISA (1:4000)¹, Western Blot², immunohisto-

chemistry (paraffin sections, 1:100-1000)²,

immunocytochemistry (1:100)²

This antibody has not been tested for use in all applications. This does not necessarily exclude its use in non-tested procedures. The stated dilutions are recommendations only. End users should determine optimal dilutions in their system using appropriate negative/positive

controls

Store at: 2-8 °C (lyophilized); - 20 °C (dissolved)

Repeated thawing and freezing must be avoided

References: 1. Becker S, Armbruster FP, Muller B, Echner H, Kapurnotu A, Livaniou E, Mihelic M, Stoeva S, Voelter W

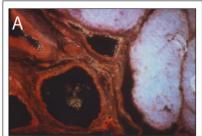
(1994). Theoretical and experimental epitope mapping of thymosin beta 4. *J Immunol Methods* 177(1-

2)**:** 131-137.

2. Wirsching HG, Krishnan S, Florea AM, Frei K, Krayenbuhl N, Hasenbach K, Reifenberger G, Weller M, Tabatabai G (2014). Thymosin beta 4 gene silencing decreases stemness and invasiveness in

glioblastoma. Brain 2014 Feb; 137(Pt2):433-48 [epub ahead of print].

Last updated on: 13 April 2022



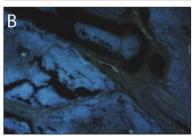


Figure 1: Immunofluorescence image of Thymosin β4 staining in paraffin section of juvenile thymus tissue. The section was incubated with A 9522 (1:100), followed by an appropriate secondary antibody coupled to Cy3. A. A 9522 stains smooth muscle, epithelial and dendritic cells. Original magnification 20x. B. Control section. Original magnification 10x.





For research use only

Publishing research using A 9522? Please let us know so that we can cite your publication as a reference.